

TROUBLESHOOTING PATRIOT SWING GATE OPERATOR



TROUBLESHOOTING SECTION

OUTLINE

- 1 Single gate will not operate.
- 2 Dual gate will not operate.
- 3 Single or Dual gate opens or closes very slow.
- 4 Gate will not automatically close.
- 5 Gate begins to open or close, but stops and reverses after a couple of seconds.
- 6 Single Gate opens correctly then closes immediately or single Gate closes correctly and then opens immediately.
- 7 Dual Gate opens correctly then closes immediately or dual Gate closes correctly then opens immediately.
- 8 Control board 15 amp fuse blows when open/close command is given.
- 9 Transmitter (Remote control) will not operate the gate.
- 10 Photo eye, safety loop or other safety accessory will not reverse the gate when closing.
- 11 Pressing the “RESET” button only, causes the gate to operate.

Terms and Definitions

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| Led - | Light emitting diode, small red lights on control board. |
| Control board- | Located inside the metal box just above the battery. |
| Receiver - | Located inside the metal box in the upper right corner, coax cable connected to it. |
| Transmitter - | Hand held push button, which is used to operate the gate, sends signal to receiver. |
| Actuator - | Connected to gate and hinge post, contains the motor, gearbox and extension tube. |
| Connector - | Control board has two types. Two white 8-pin connectors (X1 and X2) are used to connect actuator to control board and one green 12-pin connector (J2) (located bottom center of control board) to connect receiver and accessories to control board. Both are plug type and can be disconnected (unplugged from control board) without disconnecting wires. |
| Dip Switches - | Small switches, which are located on the control board in two places. The primary set DS1 is located in the upper left corner and the secondary set DS2 are located in the lower right corner of the control board with functions listed beside each. See manual (page 15, 16) for more information. |
| Push Buttons - | Three are located on the control board. “Open/Close command” used to operate the gate, “Led Indicator” used to activate the leds and the “Reset” used to reset the control board after current sensing twice before a limit is reached. |

TROUBLESHOOTING PATRIOT SWING GATE OPERATOR



1. My single gate will not operate Patriot I:

- STEP 1 Remove control box cover locate the “Open/Close Command” push button and press it to operate the gate.
- STEP 2 Press the “Reset” push button located above the open close command, then push the “open/close command” push button to operate the gate.
- STEP 3 When pressing the “open/close command” push button, listen for a clicking sound, if click is heard then verify: The 15-amp fuse located on the control board is good if not replace it using the spare located on the control board. Also check the dipswitches (3 and 4) for correct switch settings based on where the actuator is connected to the control board (Master or Slave). If switches and fuse are good and clicking sound is heard the battery needs to be load tested to determine its condition. Charge or replace depending on results.
- STEP 4 Press and hold the “Led Indicator” push button and observe all of the red leds (see page 18 for location):
- If the two limit leds located below the actuator plug are both on the operator will not operate, you must adjust the limit switch (see page 10) Example- if both limit leds are on when the gate is in the closed position (and actuator is connected to the gate) the problem is with the open limit switch, adjust the open limit until the light goes off and adjust the gate to the desired stopping position. Both leds should never be on simultaneously.
 - If any of the leds in the lower left corner of the control board are on then this must be corrected. Locate the accessory, which is activated, and repair or replace. Disconnecting this device will allow the operator to work, without the disconnected accessory function.
- STEP 5 Disconnect the green J2 connector. Once disconnected, press the “open/close command” button. If gate operates go to step 4 b above.
- STEP 6 Verify that DS1 switch 8 is off.
- STEP 7 Call the factory for more information if the above steps have not worked.

2. My dual gate will not operate Patriot II:

- STEP 1 Follow steps 1 through 6 above.
- STEP 2 Disconnect the actuator connectors plugged into the control board (X1 and X2). Then locate the DS1 dipswitches on the control board. Turn off switch 4 (slide to the left) and turn on switch 3 (slide to right).
- Reconnect the connector from the actuator that goes to the gate closest to you; connect it to the Master (X1) connector on the control board. Press the “open/close command” button and verify that the gate operates.
- STEP 3 If the gate operates correctly, disconnect the actuator plug and connect the other actuator plug into the X1 connector, and press the “open/close command” button and verify that the gate operates correctly. At this point you have tested each actuator individually. If both worked correctly then go back to DS1 and turn switch 3 off and switch 4 on. Then repeat step 2 and 3 again using X2 connector on control board in place of X1.

TROUBLESHOOTING PATRIOT SWING GATE OPERATOR



STEP 4 If a problem is observed in steps 2 or 3 above most likely it was when the slave actuator (located the greatest distance from control box) was being tested, if this is correct check wiring splices for moisture, correct wiring and etc. If the wiring is not in watertight conduit and this is most likely the problem. Tape is not watertight.

3. My gate opens/closes very slow:

NOTE: When the gate is running slow the reason is low battery voltage, two things need to be considered. Battery condition (replace or charge) and what caused the battery to become discharged.

STEP 1 Determine which situation your operator falls into below:

Solar charged, ensure that you have a deep cycle battery installed and if accessories are connected (keypads, loop detectors, any device powered by the battery) verify that the current draw needed to power them does not exceed the charging power of the solar panel. Verify that solar panel leads are connected to the battery correctly; panel is facing a southwest direction and is not located in a completely shaded area. Inspect panel surface and wires for damage.

Test solar panel for correct voltage and current output, disconnect panel wires from battery and using a DC voltmeter measure the dc voltage (should measure about 22 volts) and the dc current (should read about 250 ma) in the peak sun period. If either, of these readings is incorrect panel maybe defective.

If none of the above check bad then remove battery and have it load tested at a battery shop. Replace if bad.

AC charged, ensure that you have a deep cycle battery rated at a minimum of 60 amp-hour installed. If accessories are connected (keypads, loop detectors, any device powered by the battery) verify that the current draw needed to power them does not exceed the charging power of the charger. Verify that charger leads are connected to the battery correctly; charger is connected to an approved 110 VAC receptacle. Inspect charger and wires for damage.

NOTE: The USAutomatic multi stage charger does not output any voltage or current when disconnected from the battery, you cannot check charger by disconnecting from battery and measuring voltage output. To check charger output disconnect from battery, measure battery voltage and note. Reconnect charger and monitor battery voltage it should rise above the battery voltage noted above.

STEP 2 The charger has led indicators (lights) on the faceplate, observe the leds that are on or not and refer to the troubleshooting directions furnished with the charger for definitions of different led indicators.

STEP 3 If none of the above check bad then remove battery and have it load tested at a battery shop. Replace if bad.

4. My gate will not automatically close:

NOTE: If DS1 switch 1 is on and switch 2 is off then the gate should automatically close from any position, but if switch 2 is also on the gate will only automatically close if the “open limit” led (both “open limit” leds for dual gate) is on.

TROUBLESHOOTING PATRIOT SWING GATE OPERATOR



- STEP 1 Locate the “Open/Close Command “ push button; press the button to verify that the gate will close. If gate closes correctly then proceed to the steps below.
- STEP 2 Verify that DS1 switch 1 is on. If not turn it on and recheck gate operation. If gate remains open continue with step 3.
- STEP 3 If your installation is a single gate, then only DS1 switch 3 or 4 can be on. If both are on the gate will not automatically close. Turn off the one that is not being used and recheck gate operation.
- STEP 4 Locate the “Led Indicator” push button and depress and hold. While pushing the button inspect the led indicators located just below the X1, X2 (master, slave) actuator plugs, note which leds are on. Read note below.

NOTE: The two leds located below the X1, X2 actuator plug when on represent the closure of the limit switch. If the left led is on then the gate should be in the open position, if the led on the right is on then the gate should be in the closed position. If DS1 switch 9 (operating direction reverse) is on then this is reversed. If the led for the open position is not on when the gate is fully opened then the auto close will not work. The limit switches need to be adjusted.

- STEP 5 Locate the “Led Indicator” push button and depress and hold. While pushing the button inspect the led indicators located on the control board (lower left corner) and note which ones are on. If any leds are on disconnect the green J2 connector from the control board. Press the “Open/Close Command “ push button to close the gate, and then press the button again to open the gate fully and verify the automatic close is working.
- STEP 6 If gate automatically closes correctly then the accessory connected to the J2 connector that is activated (led is on) needs to be repaired.

5. Gate begins to open or close but stops and reverses after a couple of seconds.

- STEP 1 Remove control box cover and locate the Patriot control board. Locate the sensitivity adjustment (see page 12) potentiometer located on the control board. The white center is adjustable and needs to be turned in a clockwise direction.
- STEP 2 Normally a setting of 5 will operate most gates; if your gate requires a setting above 8 there is a good chance that your gate has a problem, which needs to be corrected. Possible causes are incorrect hinges, gate touching the ground; gate not level or the actuator arm connected to the gate has been bent. Identify and correct problem.

6. Single Gate opens or closes correctly then immediately reverses direction:

- STEP 1 This is most likely caused by an incorrect limit switch adjustment. The limit switch adjustments are located on the bottom of the actuator motor housing, behind the removable rubber plug. Locate the limit switch adjustment screws and determine which one needs to be adjusted (see page 12). Operate the gate and once it reaches the desired open or close position stop the gate in that position, using the transmitter or “Open/Close Command” push button located on the Patriot control board.
- STEP 2 Locate the “Led Indicator” push button located on the left side of the Patriot control board. Also locate the open and close led indicators (red lights) below the actuator plug on the Patriot control board. The left led represents the open position and the right led represents the close position. (See note below)

TROUBLESHOOTING PATRIOT SWING GATE OPERATOR



STEP 3 With the gate in the desired open or close position press and hold the “Led Indicator” and observe which of the led lights come on. If your gate is in the desired open position then the led on the left should be on, if not adjust the retract limit switch (see page 13) until the led comes on. If gate was in the close position adjust the extend limit switch until the close led comes on.

NOTE: If DS1 switch 9 is turned on, then the open and close led lights are reversed. Open led represents the closed position and the close led represents the open position.

STEP 4 Once adjusted correctly the open led light should be on when the gate is opened and the close led light should be on when the gate is closed.

STEP 5 If the led lights will not come on then contact the factory.

7. **Dual Gate opens or closes correctly then immediately reverses direction:**

STEP 1 This is most likely caused by an incorrect limit switch adjustment. First determine which gate is in need of adjustment.

STEP 2 Locate the DS1 switches on the Patriot control board. Switch 3 and 4 should be turned on for a dual gate, turn off switch 4 this will disable one gate.

STEP 3 Operate the gate and verify that it stops in the correct position, if so then turn switch 4 back on and turn off switch 3. Operate the other gate now and verify that it stops in the correct position. One or both should not stop in the correct position.

STEP 4 Once the gate that needs adjustment is identified (possibly both) refer to problem 6 above steps 1 through 5 for instructions.

8. **Control board 15 amp fuse blows when open/close command is given.**

STEP 1 Fuses blow primarily for one reason, the gate cannot move. Causes might be something keeping the gate from moving, the gate is trying to move in the wrong direction due to incorrect limit switch setting or there might be a wiring problem. A wiring problem is most likely in a splice that might have been made during installation or it could be in the actuator housing.

STEP 2 Open the control box and locate the Patriot control board, locate the 2 led lights under the actuator connector on the control board. Press the “led indicator” push button and hold it in, observe the led lights and determine if the open limit or close limit led light is on. Then determine if the correct led is on for the gate position. For example if the left led is on that is the open limit and the gate should be in the open position. The right led represents the closed position.

See note under problem 4 above.

STEP 3 If the open limit led is on and the gate is closed if a command to operate is given the gate will try to close more, which can blow a fuse. If the close limit led is on and the gate is opened a command to operate will try to open the gate more, which can blow a fuse. In either case the limit switches need to be adjusted and then the cause for them becoming misadjusted needs to be determined. The cause generally has to do with wiring; bad actuator plug connection at the Patriot control board or too much adjustment has been made during installation.

TROUBLESHOOTING PATRIOT SWING GATE OPERATOR



STEP 4 If a wiring problem is suspected the orange, white and green wires are the ones to concentrate on. Check all splices and verify actuator connector is connected at the control board.

STEP 5 If the actuator is suspected of being bad either due to an internal wiring problem or a motor problem, call the factory for further troubleshooting and return information.

9. Transmitter will not operate the gate

STEP 1 Open the control box and locate the Patriot control board. Locate the “Led Indicator” push button and the “Push Button Input” led. Push the “led indicator” push button and hold, then press the transmitter button and observe the “push button led”. The led should come on while the transmitter button is depressed.

STEP 2 If the “Push Button Led” did not come on then make sure that the green J2 connector on the control board is securely connected, replace the 9 volt battery in the transmitter and verify that the dip switches located in the transmitter (above battery) are set identical to the ones located in you receiver. Remove the receiver cover by squeezing the sides and the switches are located inside.

STEP 3 If the “Push Button Input” led in step 1 did come on and the gate did not operate then locate the “Open/Close Command” button located at the bottom center of the Patriot control board. Press the “Open/Close Command” button and note gate operation.

STEP 3 If the gate did not operate in step 3 verify that the 15-amp fuse on the Patriot control board adjacent to the actuator plug being used is not blown, (a fuse can be blown and look good) replacing is the best way to verify fuse is good.

STEP 4 If the gate did not operate in step 3 and the fuse was good in step 4 then most likely a safety accessory connected to the green J2 connector is active. Verify this by depressing the “Led Indicator” push button and observe the led’s located in the lower left corner of the Patriot control board. If a light is on identify the accessory connected to the corresponding J2 connector pin and correct the problem.

STEP 5 Other causes are possible, both the open and close limit leds are on at the same time, if so adjust limit switches. Control board could be defective; battery could be too weak to operate the gate. Please call the factory for help identifying the cause.

10 Photo-eye, safety loop or other safety accessory will not reverse the gate when closing or hold the gate open

STEP 1 The first thing to check is the accessory wiring. The accessory needs power (+12vdc) wired to battery positive terminal or to J2 pin 1 on the Patriot control board. It also needs ground, which can be wired to the battery or to J2 pin 2 or 7 on the Patriot control board. The other two connections are the “N/O and Common ground”. The common ground can be connected to the battery or to J2 pin 2 or 7 on the Patriot control board. The N/O connection must be connected to J2 pin 11 “Safety Loop / Reversing Edge Input”. If the accessory is connected as described above it should reverse a closing gate or hold a gate open if the accessory is activated.

TROUBLESHOOTING PATRIOT SWING GATE OPERATOR



- STEP 2 Now to determine if the accessory is working correctly and that the Patriot control board is receiving the signal locate the “Led Indicator” push button and the “Safety Loop / Reversing Edge Input” led (located in the lower left corner of the Patriot control board).
- STEP 3 Press and hold the “led indicator” push button and observe the “Safety Loop / Reversing Edge Input” led. Activate the accessory in question (if photo-eye break the beam) if the accessory is working properly the led light should come on when the device is activated. If the device does not turn on the led light then check wiring, J2 connector connection at the Patriot control board. If wiring is good then the accessory is not operating correctly. Repair accessory and retest.
- STEP 4 If the “Safety Loop / Reversing Edge Input” led comes on and the gate does not reverse direction when closing, call the factory for other possible causes and return information.

11 Pressing the “RESET” button only, causes the gate to operate

- STEP 1 This problem is probably due to a bad receiver. First locate the “Led Indicator” push button on the Patriot control board. Then locate the “Push Button Input” led located in the lower left corner of the Patriot control board.
- STEP 2 Press the “Led Indicator” button and observe the “Push Button Input” led. If the light comes on then the receiver relay is stuck closed and needs to be repaired or replaced.
- STEP 3 If the “Push Button Input” led does not come on, call the factory for further troubleshooting and return information.

13. Charge Controller Operation Check

Once the charge device is plugged into the charge controller identify your installation below. Verify proper operation by observing lights on charge controller.

NOTE: Most batteries will not be completely charged when first connected and the charge light should come on when charge controller is first connected. The fully charged light will come on once battery is fully charged.

For solar installations the charge controller is designed to only charge the battery when there is enough sun to do so. If there is no sun then the lights on the charge controller should be “OFF”. This feature reduces the drain on the battery in solar installations.

For AC installations the external power light and charge indication lights are always active.

NOTE: If the ‘Detect’ light is on and stays on the battery is not connected to the charge. Verify harness is plugged into the charger.



1. L.E.D. DISPLAY

First 3 seconds upon Charger/Controller powered from Battery or Supplied Power Supply, the Battery Status Light Emitting Diode (L.E.D.) Flashes.

1.1. L.E.D. Description

EXTERNAL POWER ADAPTOR	Illuminates continuously while power from A.C. Power Supply Adaptor is sensed.
SOLAR PANEL	Illuminates continuously while power from Solar Panel is sensed.
DETECTION	If illuminated for longer than 2 seconds check connection on battery.
CHARGING	Continuous or flashing indicates charging – refer to Charge Algorithm Section, for further details.
CHARGED	On continuously when AC present and battery fully charged. Flashes when battery capacity is low.
SYSTEM ERROR	If flashing, the charger has entered Failure Mode. Disconnecting power will reset charger, but if source of failure is not corrected, Failure Mode will occur again.- refer to the following Table to Decode the Error Type :

	L.E.D.s (First 4 L.E.D.s from Left)			
	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th
Wrong Battery Voltage	Off	Off	Off	Flash
Reverse Battery Connection	Off	Off	Flash	Off
Thermal Runaway Condition	Off	Flash	Off	Off
Charge Time Monitor - 1	Off	Flash	Flash	Off
Charge Time Monitor - 2	Off	Flash	Flash	Flash
Excessive Battery Drain	Flash	Off	Off	Off
Failed Pre-Qualification Test -1	Flash	Off	Off	Flash
Failed Pre-Qualification Test -2	Flash	Off	Flash	Off

2. POSSIBLE REMEDIES TO FIX ‘FAILURES’

WRONG BATTERY VOLTAGE

Example: Charger connected to a 24v battery. Reconnect to a battery rated at 12Vdc.

REVERSE BATTERY CONNECTION

Check and correct any reverse battery.

THERMAL RUNAWAY CONDITION

Old Battery - cells, inside battery, age differently. During charging, and over the course of many years of operation, OR, many battery discharges to levels beyond 100% discharged, this error may occur and the battery(s) may have to be replaced.

CHARGE TIME MONITOR – 1 and 2

Battery pack took too long to complete its charge. Possible causes include a load (gate cycling repeatedly for a long period of time) during charging or the battery pack is too large (Many batteries connected in a parallel circuit). Apply the following formula to determine if the Timer may run out due to a large battery:

$$\text{Charge Time} = \frac{\text{Battery Capacity (AH)}}{2} \times 1.25$$

Calculated Charge Time must be less than approximately 108hrs.

Output Amps and Battery Capacity (AH - Ampere-hour) are listed on your battery or contact your battery purchasing source.

Example: Charge time to for a fully discharged 36 AH battery: 36AH / 2 Amps x 1.25 = 22.5 Hrs - ok to use.

EXCESSIVE BATTERY DRAIN

Excessively high number of cycles discharging the battery beyond point of no return. Stop gate, and allow battery time to recharge.

PRE-QUALIFICATION TEST - 1 and 2

During Battery testing, if a battery was previously allowed to discharge to a very low voltage, such as 1 or 2Vdc, the charger puts a low current through the battery to try to get the battery to come back to life. The battery may be taking too long to come back.

OTHER POSSIBLE PROBLEMS

No Power on Charger – Check the transformer Supply Adaptor Plug-in, or the Solar Panel for proper connection.

3. CHARGE ALGORITHM

3.1. PRE-QUALIFICATION TEST STAGE ONE

Charging L.E.D. flashes and applies three battery tests. Further charging is prohibited if a fault is discovered. If a faulty battery is suspect, test with a Load Tester (not supplied). Duration of this stage is dependent on the condition and state of charge of battery and is approximately 45 seconds to 8hrs.

3.2. CONSTANT CURRENT CHARGE STAGE TWO

Charging L.E.D. illuminates constantly indicating that the charger is charging the battery at its full rated output.

3.3. CONSTANT VOLTAGE CHARGE STAGE THREE

Charging L.E.D. illuminates constantly indicating that the charger is charging the battery at a regulated voltage level to top off battery.

3.4. FLOAT CHARGE STAGE FOUR

Charged L.E.D. illuminates constantly. Charger will maintain battery until AC Power is disconnected and can be left connected indefinitely.

3.5. RECYCLE CHARGE STAGE FIVE

While left connected to AC Power and Battery, a new charge cycle is automatically initiated, every 84th day.

4. MAINTENANCE

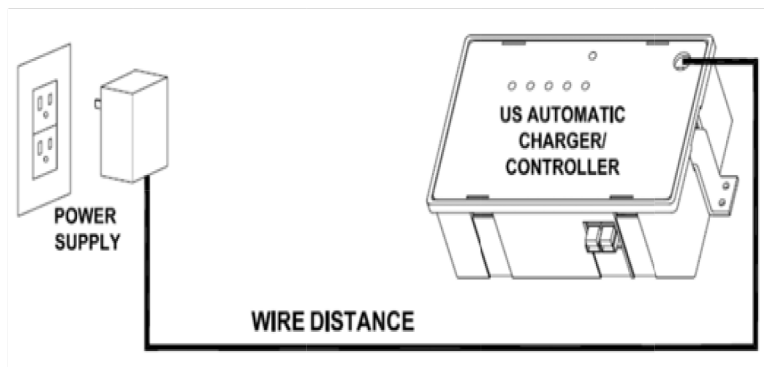
Your new charger requires only a little maintenance. Store in a clean, dry place and occasionally clean the case and cords (while the charger is unplugged) with a slightly damp cloth.

10. SOLAR PANEL INPUT

10.1 The Solar Panel produces a lower powered output than the AC Power Supply Adaptor, which causes the Solar Panel L.E.D. to illuminate when it is connected.

10.2 The Solar Panel needs to be mounted so that it receives full sunlight. Even a small amount of shade or blockage will cause the Solar Panel to Cease charging. Something as tiny as a fingertip shadow will affect the Solar Panel.

□11. RECOMMENDED WIRE GAUGE OVER LONG DISTANCE BETWEEN CHARGE DEVICE AND CHARGE CONTROLLER



WIRE DISTANCE AND GAUGE TABLE

See page 16

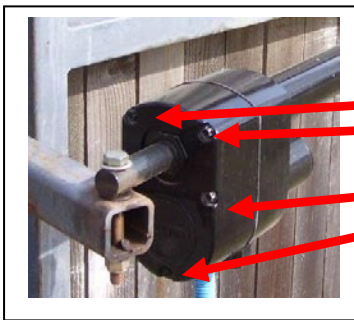
The wire used must be rated for Direct Burial use, unless in conduit. Wire ran in conduit must be rated for outdoor use. The above Table lists the recommended wire gauge per application length. Using a smaller gauge may impede performance or cause system to malfunction.

DL12 Limit Assembly Gear Spacing

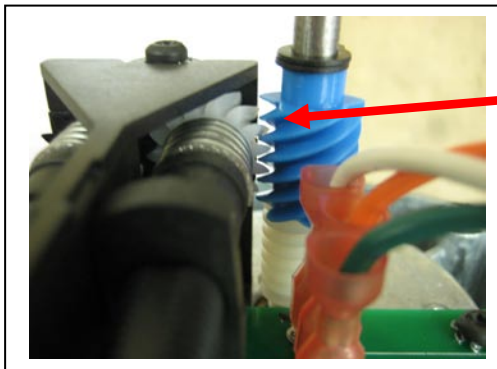
Problem description: If the open and close position are changing randomly when the gate is operated the possible cause can be limit assembly gear spacing. To inspect and adjust this follow the steps below.

1. Disconnect the actuator cable from the control board.
2. Remove the 5 bolts holding the rear cover on the actuator. 5/16 head size.
3. Inspect the spacing between the blue and white gear.
4. Loosen the 4 screws to allow the limit assembly to slide over against the blue gear.
5. Once limit assembly white gear spacing is adjusted tighten the 4 screws.

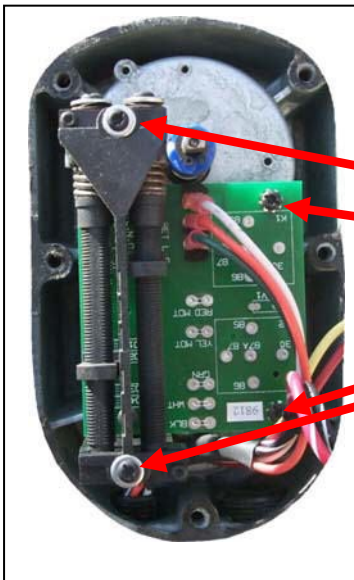
NOTE: Do not apply pressure to the limit assembly just slide over until space is reduced and tighten screw.



Five bolts holding rear cover 5/16
1 not shown



The gap between the blue and white
gear



Loosen 4 screws

Patriot Actuator DL12 motor replacement guide.

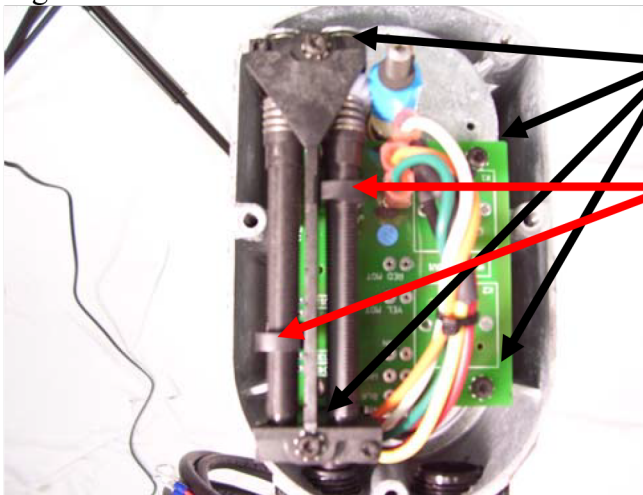
Figure 1



Remove 5 bolts 5/16
Then remove rear housing

Tap on rear shaft to break seal

Figure 2

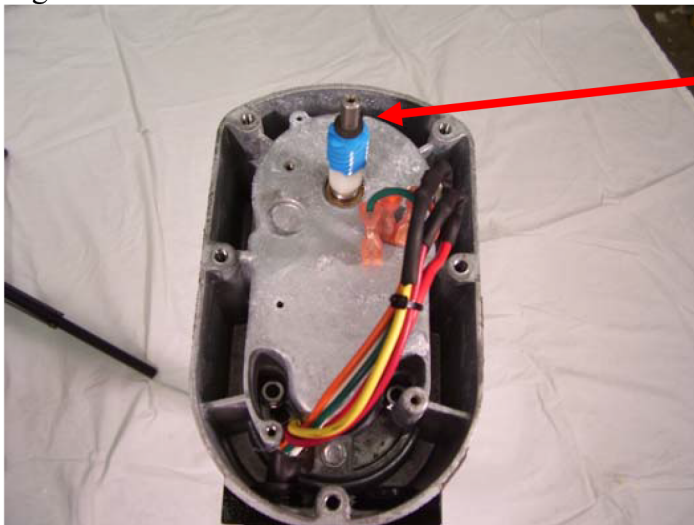


Remove limit assembly 4 screws

Note, picture shown shows correct
limit nut setting for open gate
position

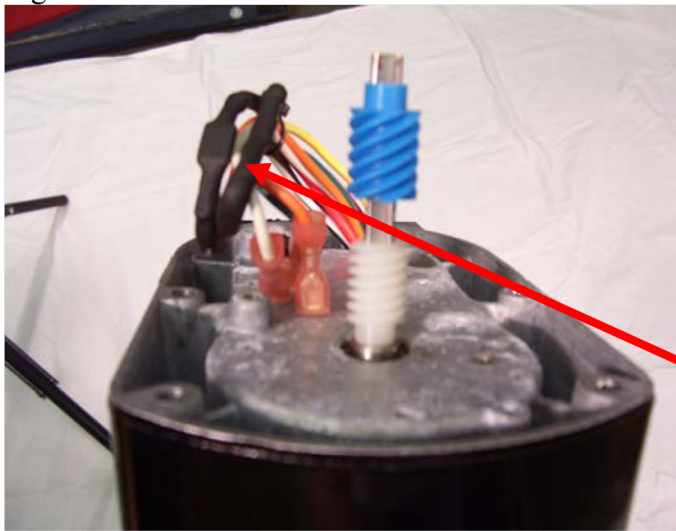
IMPORTANT: when reassembling the
limit assembly install the 4 screws but do
not tighten.
Slide the limit assembly over so that the
small white gear is against blue gear. Do
not force hold and tighten 4 screws.

Figure 3



Remove 2 retaining clips holding
blue gear in place.

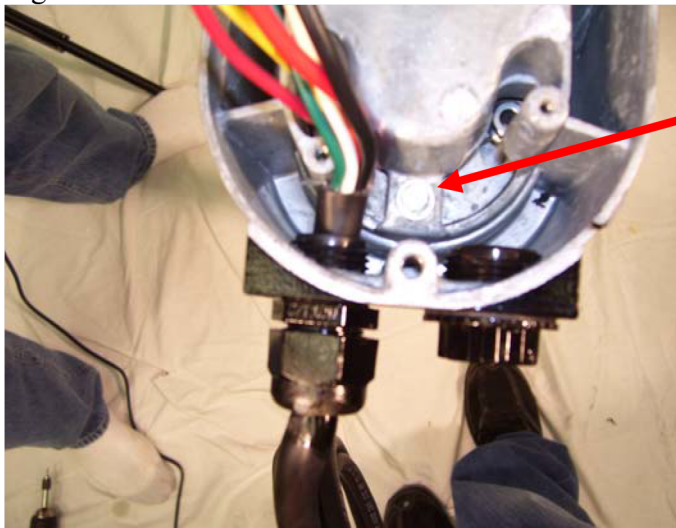
Figure 4



Remove blue and white gear and inspect blue gear teeth for any signs of damage.

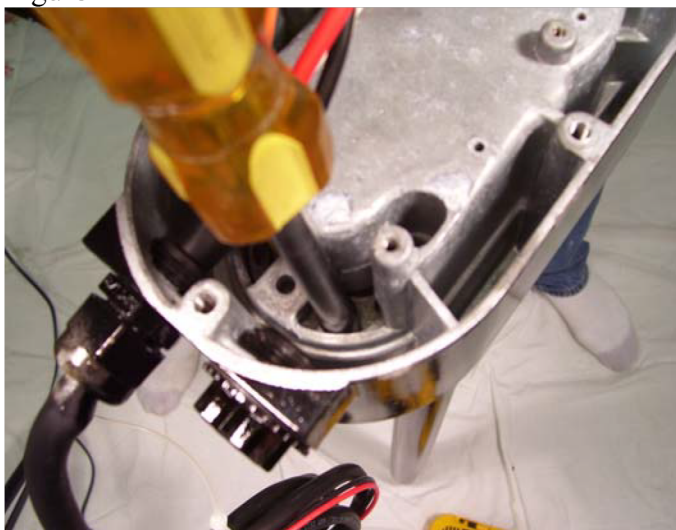
Motor wires insulated with heat shrink

Figure 5



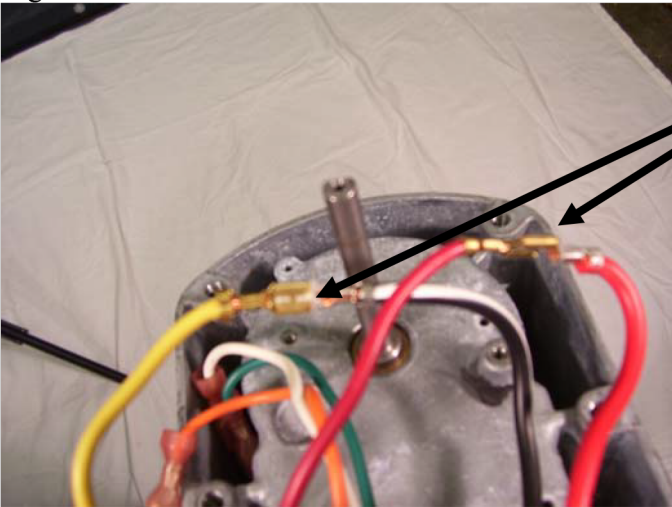
Locate bolt holding gear box together

Figure 6



Remove gear box bolt

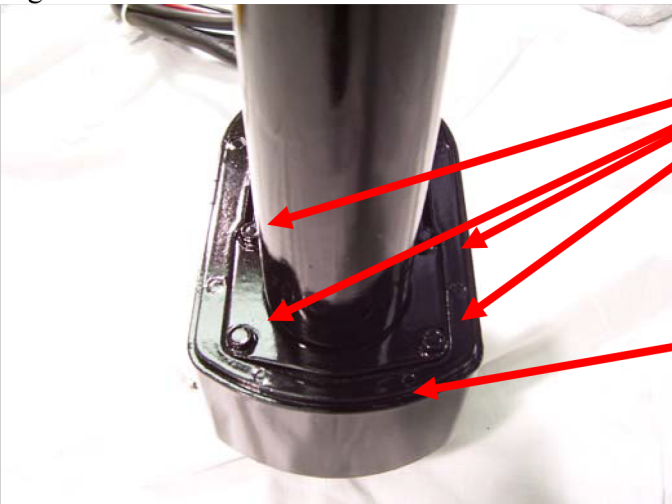
Figure 7



Remove insulation from motor wires.

Unplug motor wires once insulation is removed.

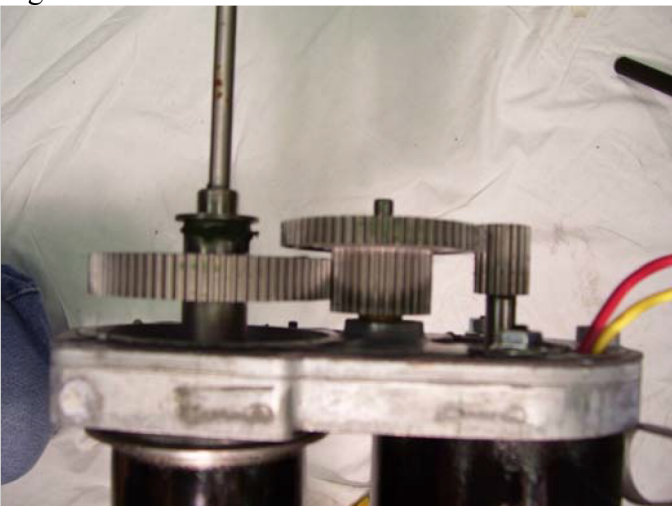
Figure 8



Remove 4 bolts holding extension tube flange in place

Per step 9 tap on housing here moving around outer edge to break seal.
Actuator should be flipped so that you are tapping from the bottom, opposite this picture.

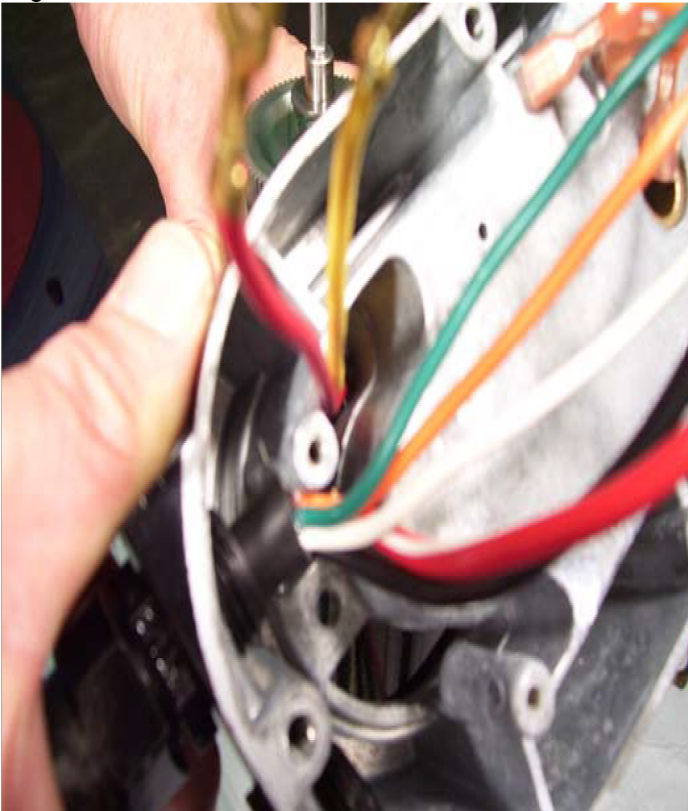
Figure 9



Separate gear box exposing gears per picture on left. This will allow access to the 2 motor mounting screws.

Separating gear box can be fun, stand actuator on the floor gear box up, tap on outer edge of housing going around the housing until it begins to separate. See figure 8 for surface to be tapped.

Figure 10



Once motor is replaced route wires through gear box as shown. Install 2 motor mounting screws and reassemble.

Pull to open installation

Before installing limit assembly turn extension screw so that only about 3 inches of stainless steel is visible. This will be close to the open gate position. Install limit assembly with limit nuts matching picture in figure 2.

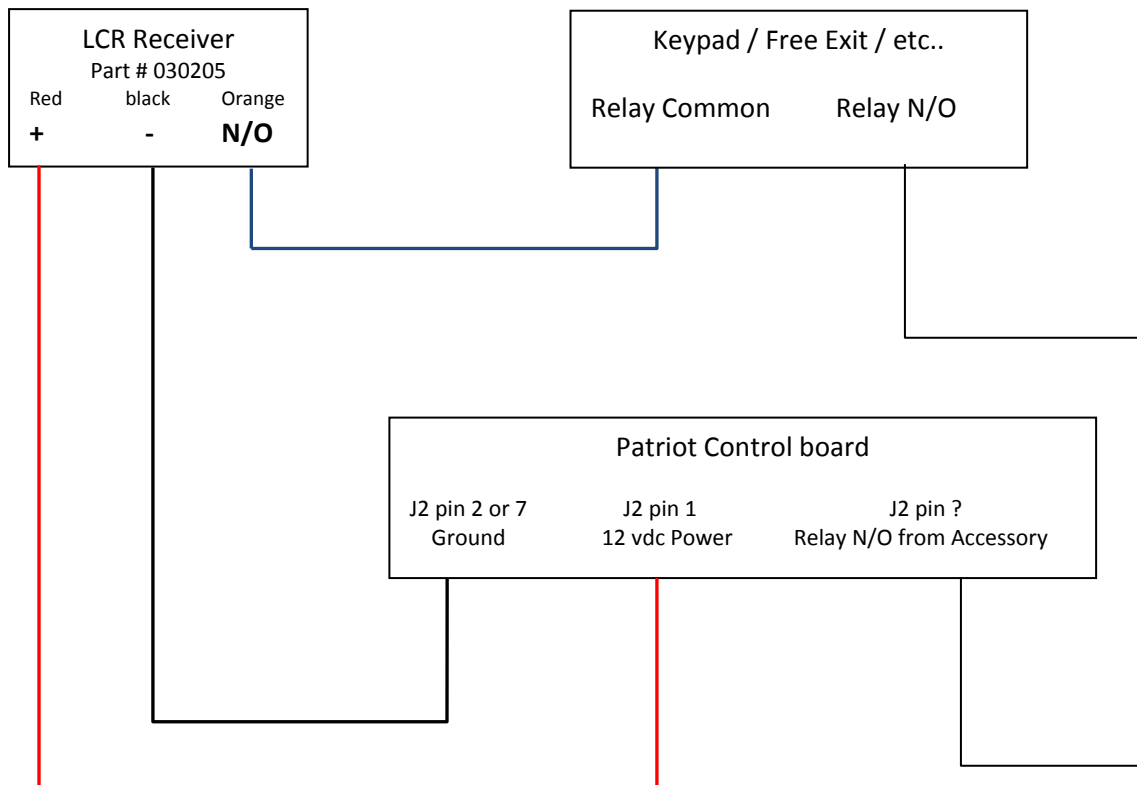
NOTE: when installing limit assembly install the 4 screws and then slide the entire limit assembly over until the white gear on the limit assembly meshes tightly with the blue gear. Hold in that position and tighten all 4 screws.

Push to open installation

The same as above with the difference being this will be close to the closed gate position.

The illustration below shows how to wire the LCR receiver P2 channel so that the remote control can turn ON or OFF the accessory. This allows customer to switch ON or OFF an accessory such as a wired keypad, exit sensor etc... The receiver P2 should be programmed to latch mode.

Once remote button is programmed to P2 and P2 is in the latching mode the remote can then enable or disable the accessory function.



Programming P2 to Latch mode

1. Press P2 and hold down until green light comes ON.
2. Verify if light is solid or flashing green when it first comes ON.
3. If solid then immediately release P2 and press P1 once.
4. Verify mode was changed to latch by pressing P2 and hold until green light comes ON.
5. If green light is flashing when it first comes ON latch mode is set.

Patriot Gate Leaf Delay



Subject: Patriot Software Change_2014

Software Revision – 5p10.hex

Effective control board serial number - TBD

Reason: Gate leaf delay (2 seconds) for overlapping gates and electric gate lock installed on dual gates.

Change described below:

To activate the gate leaf delay option

Gate 1 and Gate 2 Enable switches - DS1 dipswitch 3 and 4 must be ON.

Solenoid Lock Enable switch - DS2 switch 1 must be ON

How it works:

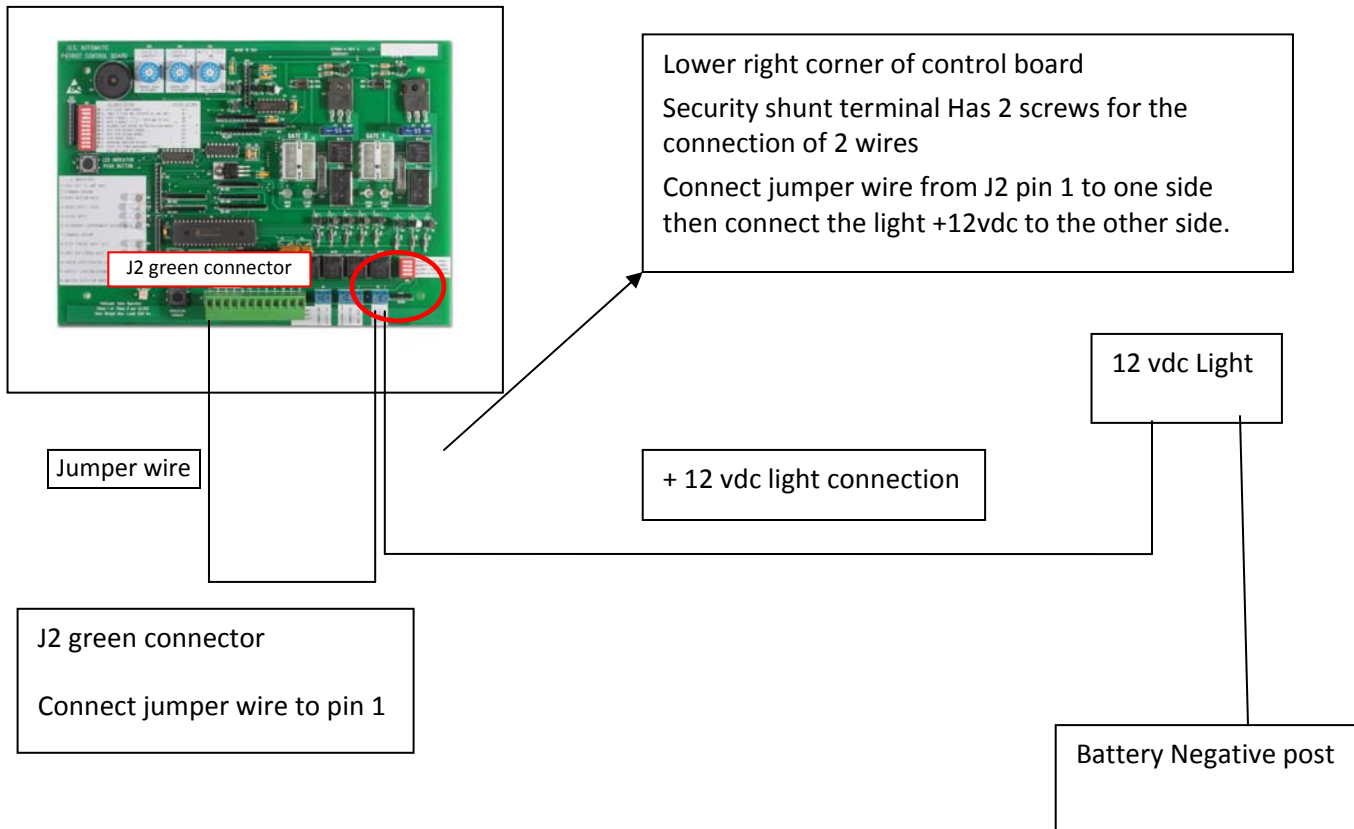
When the gates are closed on an open command Gate 2 will delay start up for 2 seconds.

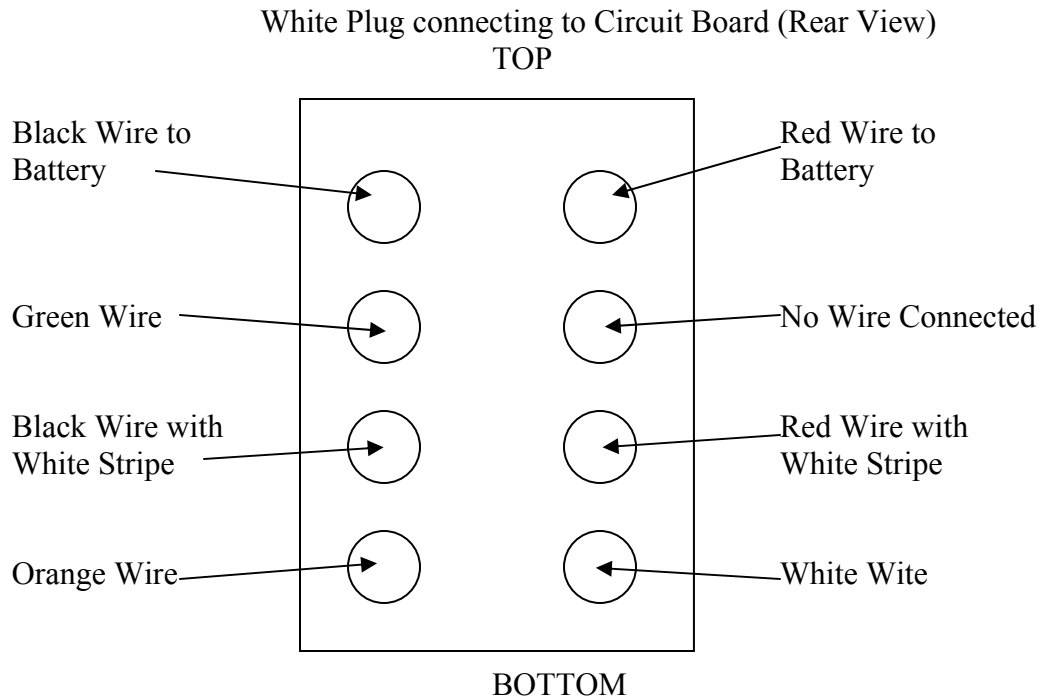
When the gates are open on a close command Gate 1 will delay start up for 2 seconds.

This will allow Gate 2 to close before Gate 1 by 2 seconds.

How to wire Open gate light indicator to Patriot control board

Once connected turn on the dipswitch number 3 labeled security shunt enable in the lower right corner of the control board. Dipswitch (DS2) is the small red block with 4 white switches.





Inside back of actuator

Red wire with white stripe is connected to the red lead going to the motor

Black wire with white stripe is connected to the yellow lead going to the motor.



Photo Eye Power Management (PEPM)

Purpose of PEPM is to allow the installation of Photo Eyes on all Patriot or Ranger installation without draining the battery. This is accomplished by only applying power to the Photo Eye when the gate is traveling in the closed direction.

Patriot Wiring is identical to what we have done in the past using the security shunt.

PEPM Activation requires that dip switch 10 located on DS1 be turned ON. This switch is currently marked as “Not Used”.

Ranger Wiring is a little easier. Simply connect the 12 vdc power wire from the Photo Eye to J2 connector (Green 13 pin connector) pin 5.

PEPM Activation requires that dip switch 6 located DS1 be turned ON. This switch is labeled Photo Eye Enable.

- PEPM allows for any brand of Photo Eye to be used. It must be a 12 vdc device.



USAutomatic Photo Eye

Part # 550010

Send & Receive - 12 / 24 AC or DC

Technical Tip



Subject: Programming In car transmitter to Receiver

November 25, 2013

In car transmitters (homelink, LearCar2U) are advertised to be able to open garage doors and automatic gates. This is correct only if the in car systems are compatible with the frequency of the receiver installed in the garage or gate operator. The in car systems are not all the same so there is no way for USA Automatic to know for certain if your vehicle is equipped with a compatible system.

The USA Automatic LCR receiver operates at 433.92 mhz other brands of receivers possibly operate at different frequencies and that frequency will need to be identified from the specific manufacturer of the product.

The programming instructions in the automobile system will typically have two methods of programming. The programming method that must be used with the USA Automatic LCR receiver is where the car is placed into the learn mode and then the USA Automatic remote button (used to operate the gate) is pressed so that the in car system can learn the frequency.

The in car instructions will tell you to hold the remote close to a specific position in the car it has been our experience that this might or might not work. Try moving the remote around inside the vehicle slowly to different locations and farther away from the specific spot recommended.

The LearCar2U product in the past has offered customers a replacement receiver for the garage or gate operator to make the frequency compatible. This offer does not take into consideration the affect the new receiver will have on your solar charged gate operator. The receiver they will possibly supply is a high current consumption part and might or might not be proper for the installation. This must be considered when accepting the new receiver offer. If you gate battery is AC charged then this concern is not valid the AC charger will have no problem keeping your battery charged.

The information above is based on our experiences with the in car systems and might or might not be correct to your specific vehicle.

USA Automatic does not guarantee any receiver replacement will be offered as mentioned above but it has been done in the past and we are only informing you of that.

USA Automatic, LTD
118 Hillside Drive
Lewisville, TX 75028
888-204-0174
www.usautomatic.com

Wiring AAS keypad model DKLP to all control boards

Red wire – 12 vdc

Black wire – power ground

Brown wire – Relay Common

Orange wire – Relay N/O

First question you must ask is the keypad for gate OPEN only or for OPEN/CLOSE?

If for open only then (Brown wire) connects to the control board open input

700 series Patriot J2 pin 9

500 series Ranger J2 pin 9

300 series Sentry J2 pin 3

If for open/close then (Brown wire) connects to the control board Push Button input

700 series Patriot J2 pin 3

500 series Ranger J2 pin 3

300 series Sentry J1 green wire – for this will have to splice into green wire

Red wire connects to J2 pin 1 on all control boards

Black wire and Brown wire connect to J2 pin 2 on all control boards

*700 series Patriot can also wire to J2 pin 7 this is ground